GTZ’s work focuses on international cooperation for sustainable development. It operates worldwide.

GTZ provides viable, forward-looking solutions for political, economic, ecological and social development in a globalised world. GTZ promotes complex reforms and change processes. All activities are geared to improving people’s living conditions and prospects on a sustainable basis.

AREAS OF WORK

GTZ works for the German Federal Government and other clients, public or private sector, national or international, such as the EU, World Bank or UN organisations, and for private sector companies. Its main client is the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ).

GTZ’s development projects and programmes cover a wide range of themes and tasks. These include advising the government in Tajikistan, vocational training in Argentina, protecting the tropical forest in Indonesia and preventing AIDS in Kenya.

GTZ’s main focus in international cooperation is on so-called Technical Cooperation. Far from being centred on transferring technical knowledge, this involves primarily communicating knowledge that enables people to shape their present and future on their own. For this, they strengthen individual initiative and the capabilities of people and organisations, and lay the basis for stable development – for future generations as well.

The GTZ works on a broad range of specialised topics:

- Rural development: poverty and hunger, agriculture and food, regionalisation, natural resources, etc
- Economic development and employment: economic policy, vocational training, private sector, ICT and economy, financial systems, globalisation, etc
- Environment and infrastructure: environmental policy, eco-efficiency, water, energy, transport, social and ecological standards, etc
- Good Governance: democracy and rule of law, decentralisation, corruption, public finance, etc
- Social development: health and population, education, HIV/AIDS, social protection, etc

Cross-sectoral themes covered include gender, crisis prevention, youth, HIV/AIDS control, emergency aid, poverty reduction, food and nutrition security, Rio+10, Social and Ecological Standards.
TARGET COUNTRIES

GTZ is active worldwide in over 130 countries in Africa, Asia, Latin America, the transition countries in Eastern Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States and has its own offices in 67 countries.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The GTZ is organised as a private company owned by the German Federal Government. It works on a public benefit basis, using all funds generated as profits exclusively for projects in international cooperation.

With a total turnover of €878.8 million (approximately US$1.1 billion) in 2004, some €692.2 million (approximately US$873 million) came from projects and programmes for public clients, such as the BMZ and other Federal Ministries. Some 79% of GTZ turnover is under contracts from the German Federal Government. GTZ made 21% (€181.1 million – approximately US$228 million) in 2004 from contracts from other clients and financing institutions, mostly international, and from private sector companies.

ORGANISATION CHART

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Japan International Cooperation Agency
(JICA)

Founded in 1974, the Japan International Cooperation Agency is an implementation agency for technical assistance, focusing on institutional building, organization strengthening, and human resources development that will enable developing countries to pursue their own sustainable socioeconomic development.

JICA's work is broad in scope and reflects international concerns and changing needs in developing countries. To traditional sectors such as agriculture and social infrastructure, JICA has recently added assistance to combat infectious diseases such as HIV/AIDS and SARS, support to encourage free market economies or set up legal systems, and support for the peace-building and reconstruction efforts in such countries as Afghanistan and East Timor.

AREAS OF WORK

JICA addresses a broad range of global issues, such as those listed below, that are the focus of close international attention.

- Governance
- Peacebuilding
- Gender, Women in Development (WID)
- Poverty Reduction
- Environmental Management
- Natural Environment
- Conservation
- Education
- Health
- Water, Disaster Management
- Social Security
- Transportation
- Information and Communication
- Energy, Mining
- Economic Policy
- Private Sector
- Development
- Agricultural, Rural Development
- Fisheries
- Urban, Regional Development
- Agricultural, Rural Development
- Fisheries
- Urban, Regional Development

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Japan's ODA & JICA's Technical Cooperation (Calendar Year 2003)

- Japan's technical cooperation: 327.8 billion yen (2.828 billion dollars)
- JICA's technical cooperation: 150.6 billion yen (1.299 billion dollars)
- Other Japanese assistance: 677.5 billion yen (5.646 billion dollars)

- Japanese ODA per capita: 7,880 yen
  - Of which, used for JICA projects: 1,180 yen

Source: OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

JICA's Assistance by Region (Fiscal Year 2004)

- Asia: 46.1%
- Africa: 17.3%
- North, Central & South America: 19.7%
- Middle East: 10.7%
- Europe: 2.6%
- Oceania: 3.6%
TARGET COUNTRIES

ORGANISATION CHART

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Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation
(NORAD)

The Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (Norad) is a directorate under the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MFA).

PRIORITIES

Norad's most important task is to contribute to the international cooperation to fight poverty. The purpose of Norwegian development cooperation is to contribute towards lasting improvements in economic, social and political conditions for the populations of developing countries, with particular emphasis on ensuring that development aid benefits the poorest people.

AREAS OF WORK

Norad's activities are based on the following five main goals of Norwegian development cooperation:

- To combat poverty and contribute towards lasting improvements in living standards and quality of life, thereby promoting greater social and economic development and justice nationally, regionally and globally. In such development, priority must be given to employment, health and education.
- To contribute towards promoting peace, democracy and human rights.
- To promote responsible management and utilisation of the global environment and biological diversity.
- To contribute towards preventing hardship and alleviating distress arising from conflicts and natural disasters.
- To contribute towards promoting equal rights and opportunities for women and men in all areas of society.

TARGET COUNTRIES
NORAD's 2003 strategy on education and development sets Norway's goal to provide 15% of its international development assistance to the education sector. This comprises the fields of education (general), basic education, post-primary education and higher education. Norway aimed to double the support to the education sector from about US$99 million in 2001 to about US$211 million in 2005.

About 10% of NORAD's Official Development Assistance is dedicated to technical assistance. Technical assistance in the form of technical know-how through experts, volunteers and consultants is provided for programme countries, but also to other countries concerning sectors where Norway has technical expertise (fisheries, petroleum and offshore industries, shipping and hydropower).

About one third of NORAD assistance is provided through NGOs. 20% of this budget is distributed to NGOs based in Norway. NORAD evaluates NGO activities to add to their efficiency.

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Jon Bech (Head of the Information Department in Norad) can be contacted at +47 22 24 20 51.
Website: http://www.norad.no/
Swedish International Cooperation Development Agency

(Sida)

The overall goal of Swedish development cooperation is to contribute to making it possible for poor people to improve their living conditions. By reducing injustices and poverty throughout the world, better opportunities are created for development, peace and security for all people and nations. In an increasingly globalised world, we are all dependent on, and affected by, each other.

AREAS OF WORK

The development cooperation efforts made by Sweden aim to help poor people improve their own lives, and Sida gives support to thousands of projects designed to help combat poverty. Sida gives support to projects in the following sectors:

- Reducing poverty through economic growth
- Education and health
- Natural resources and the environment
- Humanitarian aid and Sida's contributions to peace and security
- Economic reforms
- Providing support through Swedish NGOs
- Research
- Human rights and democracy

TARGET COUNTRIES

Sweden is working with approximately 120 countries in Africa, Asia, Latin America and Europe. It is the Swedish Parliament, not Sida, which decides on the countries that are to receive support from Sweden.
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

It is the people of Sweden that finance Sweden's development cooperation through the taxes they pay. Sida administers slightly more than 60% - or approximately SEK 14 billion (approximately US$1.9 billion) (2005) - of Sweden's total contribution to international development cooperation. In 2005, Swedish development cooperation will amount to approximately SEK 22.4 billion (approximately US$3.05 billion).

ORGANISATION CHART

CONTACT

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Switchboard: + 46 8 698 50 00
Fax: +46 8 20 88 64
E-mail: sida@sida.se

Website: http://www.sida.se

The new physical address will be:
Valhallavägen 191
SE-105 25 Stockholm
Sweden
Switchboard, fax and e-mail unchanged.
Asian Development Bank

(ADB)

The work of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) is aimed at improving the welfare of the people in Asia and the Pacific, particularly the 1.9 billion who live on less than $2 a day.

It is a multilateral development financial institution, headquartered in Manila, with 65 members, 47 from the region and 18 from other parts of the globe.

AREAS OF WORK

Its areas of work include:

- Anticorruption
- Clean Energy
- Environment
- Gender and Development
- Labor Markets
- Microfinance
- Millennium Development Goals
- Poverty Reduction
- Regional Cooperation and Poverty Reduction Fund
- Renewable Energy, Energy Efficiency and Climate Change
- Water

TARGET COUNTRIES

| Afghanistan | Mongolia |
| Armenia | Myanmar |
| Azerbaijan | Nauru |
| Bangladesh | Nepal |
| Bhutan | Pakistan |
| Cambodia | Papua New Guinea |
| China, People's Republic of | Philippines |
| Cook Islands | Samoa |
| Fiji Islands | Singapore |
| Hong Kong, China | Solomon Islands |
| India | Sri Lanka |
| Indonesia | Taipei, China |
| Kazakhstan | Tajikistan |
| Kiribati | Thailand |
| Korea, Republic of | Timor-Leste |
| Kyrgyz Republic | Tonga |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic | Turkmenistan |
| Malaysia | Tuvalu |
| Maldives | Uzbekistan |
| Marshall Islands, Republic of | Vanuatu |
| Micronesia, Federated States of | Viet Nam, Socialist Republic of |
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ADB's annual lending volume is typically about US$6 billion, with technical assistance usually totalling about US$180 million a year.

In 2005, the Asian Development Bank (ADB) approved 72 loans (64 projects) for US$5.80 billion, 2 multitranche financing facilities for US$1.52 billion, 54 grant-financed projects for US$1.15 billion, 10 equity investments for US$217.1 million, 2 guarantees for US$68.4 million, and 299 technical assistance operations for US$198.8 million.

### Technical Assistance Grants by Sector, 2004

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>US$ Million</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Law, Economic Management, and Public Policy</td>
<td>28.63</td>
<td>18.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture and Natural Resources</td>
<td>27.18</td>
<td>17.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport and Communications</td>
<td>15.89</td>
<td>10.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy</td>
<td>15.08</td>
<td>9.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance</td>
<td>10.28</td>
<td>6.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Supply, Sanitation, and Waste Management</td>
<td>9.07</td>
<td>5.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>8.28</td>
<td>5.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industry and Trade</td>
<td>7.75</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health, Nutrition, and Social Protection</td>
<td>4.67</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multisector</td>
<td>27.45</td>
<td>17.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>7.83</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Excluding regional technical assistance totalling $42.3 million. Percentage total may not add due to rounding.

CONTACT

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The African Development Bank is the premier financial development institution of Africa, dedicated to combating poverty and improving the lives of people of the continent and engaged in the task of mobilizing resources towards the economic and social progress of its Regional Member Countries.

The Bank’s mission is to promote economic and social development through loans, equity investments, and technical assistance.

ISSUES

The Bank finances projects, programmes, as well as studies in:
- Agriculture and Rural Development
- Communications
- Environment
- Finance
- Industry, Mining & Quarrying
- Power
- Social
- Transport
- Water Supply and Sanitation
- Urban Development

TARGET COUNTRIES
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Capital
The Bank Group’s authorized capital stood at 21.87 Billion UA (US$33.25 billion) while the subscribed capital stood at 21.66 billion UA (US$32.84 billion, as at 31st December 2004.

Sources of funds
From capital subscriptions by member countries and from borrowings in the international money and capital markets, as well as from repayments and incomes from loans.

ORGANISATION CHART

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European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

(EBRD)

The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development was established in 1991 when communism was crumbling in Central and Eastern Europe and Ex-soviet countries needed support to nurture a new private sector in a democratic environment. Today, the EBRD uses the tools of investment to help build market economies and democracies in 27 countries from central Europe to central Asia.

The EBRD is the largest single investor in the region and mobilises significant foreign direct investment beyond its own financing. It is owned by 60 countries and two intergovernmental institutions. Despite its public sector shareholders, it invests mainly in private enterprises, usually together with commercial partners.

It provides project financing for banks, industries and businesses, both new ventures and investments in existing companies. It also works with publicly owned companies, to support privatisation, restructuring state-owned firms and improvement of municipal services. The Bank uses its close relationship with governments in the region to promote policies that will bolster the business environment.

ISSUES

The mandate of the EBRD stipulates that it must only work in countries that are committed to democratic principles. Respect for the environment is part of the strong corporate governance attached to all EBRD investments.

Every EBRD investment must

• Help move a country closer to a full market economy: the transition impact
• Take risk that supports private investors and does not crowd them out
• Apply sound banking principles

Through its investments, the EBRD promotes

• Structural and sectoral reforms
• Competition, privatisation and entrepreneurship
• Stronger financial institutions and legal systems
• Infrastructure development needed to support the private sector
• Adoption of strong corporate governance, including environmental sensitivity

Sectors supported:

• Agribusiness
• Energy efficiency
• Financial institutions
• Municipal and environmental infrastructure
• Transport

• Natural resources
• Power and energy utilities
• Property and tourism
• SMEs
• Telecoms, informatics and media
The EBRD has signed investments in each of the countries in which it operates. By the end of 2005, the Bank had signed 1,300 projects with a total value of €30.3 billion (approximately US$38.2 billion), making the Bank the largest foreign investor in the region. Approximately three-quarters of EBRD commitments have been in support of private sector projects. The EBRD’s investments have mobilised an additional €64.1 billion (approximately US$80.88 billion), making a total project value of €94.4 billion (approximately US$120 billion).

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